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Reg. No.....

Name.....

**THREE YEAR UNITARY LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION  
SEPTEMBER 2025**

**Second Semester**

**UL 6—CONSTITUTIONAL LAW—2**

(2024 Admissions—Regular, 2019—2023 Admissions—Supplementary/ 2018 Admissions—  
First Mercy Chance)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

*Answer any five questions.*

*Each question carries 3 marks.*

1. Discuss the concept and importance of citizenship in India, highlighting the constitutional provisions and the role of the Citizenship Act, 1955.
2. Distinguish between Rigid and Flexible Constitutions with examples.
3. Define the Doctrine of Pleasure and explain its constitutional basis in India.
4. Explain the role of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG).
5. What do you understand by parliamentary privileges ?
6. Examine the scope of executive powers of President under the Indian Constitution.
7. Explain the different types of jurisdictions exercised by the Supreme Court of India.

(5 × 3 = 15 marks)

**Part B**

*Answer any three questions.*

*Each question carries 10 marks.*

8. A sitting Member of Parliament is convicted for an offence and sentenced to imprisonment for three years. He appeals against the conviction and argues that his membership cannot be disqualified until the appeal is decided. Discuss whether he stands disqualified immediately upon conviction.
9. During a national emergency, Parliament passes a law on a subject listed in the State List. A State Government challenges the law, arguing that it violates the federal distribution of powers - Discuss.

**Turn over**

10. Parliament enacts a law regulating "online gaming and gambling" under its residuary powers. A State Legislature challenges the law, arguing that it falls under the State List entry relating to "betting and gambling." Advise whether the Parliament's law is constitutionally valid.
11. The President appoints a Governor for two States simultaneously. Later, one of the State Legislatures passes a resolution demanding his removal, alleging bias. Discuss whether the State Legislature or Council of Ministers can compel the President to remove the Governor, and explain the constitutional provisions.

(3 × 10 = 30 marks)

### Part C

*Answer any two questions.*

*Each question carries 15 marks.*

12. The salient features of the Indian Constitution which make it the lengthiest and most comprehensive written Constitution in the world.
13. Explain the Constitutional Provisions for Financial Relations between the Union and the States, with special reference to collection and distribution of revenue and taxes.
14. Explain the nature, scope, and extent of the executive powers under the Indian Constitution. How are these powers distributed between the Union and the States ?

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)