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Reg. No.....

Name.....

UNITARY LL.B. (THREE YEAR) DEGREE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2026

Third Semester

**ULR 13—LAW OF CRIMES—PAPER 2 : BHARATIYA NAGARIK
SURAKSHA SANHITA**

(2024 Admissions Regular, 2023 Admissions Supplementary)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

Answer any five of the following.

Each question carries 3 marks.

1. Objectives and Importance of BNSS.
2. Classification of Prosecutors and the Role of the Directorate of Prosecution.
3. Rights of an Arrested Person under BNSS.
4. Plea bargaining under BNSS.
5. Victim Compensation Scheme.
6. Removal of Public Nuisance.

(5 × 3 = 15 marks)

Part B

Answer any three of the following.

Each question carries 10 marks.

7. Ravi is charged with theft under one section, but during the trial, new evidence emerges suggesting he committed robbery instead. The prosecution wants to alter the charges. Can the court allow this under BNSS ? Explain.
8. A victim of acid attack suffers severe injuries ; and is unable to afford medical treatment. The trial court convicts the accused but does not award any compensation. What legal remedies does the victim have under the Victim Compensation Scheme in BNSS ?

Turn over

9. Rohan, a history-sheeter, is repeatedly involved in violent altercations in his locality. The police believe he poses a serious threat to public peace. What preventive measures can the Executive Magistrate impose under BNSS to ensure good behaviour ?
10. Arjun is arrested on suspicion of theft but is denied access to a lawyer for 24 hours. He is also not informed of the reasons for his arrest. What rights does he have under BNSS, and can he challenge the legality of his detention ?

(3 × 10 = 30 marks)

Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

11. Discuss the provisions relating to identification, classification, and legal proceedings against habitual offenders under the criminal justice system.
12. Evaluate the appellate process in criminal cases, including appeal, revision, and reference, and discuss their significance in ensuring justice.
13. Examine the different types of criminal trials, including summons cases, warrant cases, summary trials, and trials before a Court of Sessions.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)