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Reg. No.....

Name.....

**FIVE YEAR B.A./B.B.A./B.Com., LL.B. (HONOURS) DEGREE
EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2026**

Fifth Semester

**FLR 14—LAW OF CRIMES—Paper 2—BHARATHIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA
(2023 Admissions—Regular/2022 Admissions—Supplementary)**

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

Answer any five of the following.

Each question carries 3 marks.

1. Accusatorial and Inquisitorial Systems of Criminal Justice.
2. Role and Functions of Executive Magistrates under BNSS.
3. Duty of the Public to Provide Information and Assist Police in Criminal Investigations.
4. Difference Between Summons Case and Warrant Case Trials.
5. Provisions relating to disposal of cases without trial.
6. Powers and Limitations applicable to preventive action by police.

(5 × 3 = 15 marks)

Part B

Answer any three of the following questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

7. Arjun is arrested for a serious offence. During his trial, he is denied the right to a lawyer and is forced to represent himself. He argues that his fundamental rights have been violated. Examine his legal position under BNSS - Explain.
8. The State Government decides to withdraw prosecution in a high-profile corruption case, citing lack of evidence. However, the victim files a petition arguing that the withdrawal is politically motivated. Discuss the legal validity of the withdrawal under BNSS.
9. A large group of protestors gathers outside a government building without permission. The police issue an order to disperse, but some individuals refuse to leave. Under BNSS, what legal provisions allow the Executive Magistrate or police to disperse the assembly, and what force can be used ?

Turn over

10. A high-profile murder case is being investigated in a district where the accused claims he will not get a fair trial due to political influence. Can he request the transfer of the investigation? What factors will the court consider?

(3 × 10 = 30 marks)

Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

11. Discuss the concept of public nuisance and the legal mechanisms available for its removal under the BNSS.
12. Critically examine the concept of victim compensation under the Victim Compensation Scheme, discussing its effectiveness in ensuring justice for victims.
13. Examine the legal provisions governing the framing, joinder, and alteration of charges, and their impact on the accused's right to a fair trial.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)