

25803512

(Pages : 2)

Reg. No.....

Name.....

**FIVE YEAR B.A., LL.B. (HONOURS)/B.Com., LL.B. (HONS.)/B.B.A, LL.B.
(HONS.) DEGREE [SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTARY] EXAMINATION
SEPTEMBER 2025**

Ninth Semester

F.L. 29—PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

(2020 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

*Write short notes on any five of the following.
Each question carries 3 marks.*

1. *'Pacta Sunt Servanda'*.
2. *Jus Cogens and Obligatio Erga Omnes.*
3. Subjects of Public International Law.
4. General rules for interpretation of Treaties.
5. "Freedoms of the air".
6. Immunities of International Organizations.

(5 × 3 = 15 marks)

Part B

*Answer any three of the following problems.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

7. Two nationals of State 'X' meet in State 'A' and decide to plant an explosive device on a commercial aircraft belonging to an airline registered in State 'B'. The device is planted in State 'C', it explodes over State 'D', killing all those on board, the majority of whom are nationals of State 'B'. Which States have claims to jurisdiction and according to what principles under international law ? Explain.

Turn over

8. Pakistan had taken loan from certain international agencies for its development. Part of the loan was spent on the development of the then East Pakistan which is now the independent State of Bangladesh. After East Pakistan seceded from Pakistan, Pakistan contended that the responsibility for the repayment of that portion of debt which was spent on East Pakistan had devolved on Bangladesh. Bangladesh denied it. Decide giving reasons.
9. Injury in breach of International Law was done by State 'B' to a company incorporated and with registered office in State 'A' but carrying on business in State 'B'. The principal shareholders of the company are nationals of and resident in State 'C'. Is State 'C' entitled to espouse the claims of shareholders who have incurred loss through the act of State 'B' ? Substantiate your answer referring to case law.
10. 'A', the Ambassador in India of a foreign State, has engaged in commercial transactions and incurred civil liability during his residence in India. 'B', a creditor, wants to file a suit against 'A' in an Indian court. Advise 'B'.

(3 × 10 = 30 marks)

Part C

Answer any two of the following questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

11. Critically analyze the view that "International Law is not true law", with special reference to the Naturalists' and the Positivists' approach. What are the various sources of International Law ? Explain with the help of relevant case law. Do the sources of International Law affect their enforceability, applicability or violability ?
12. What is 'Asylum' ? How is it different from extradition ? Explain the different kinds of asylum.
13. Define 'High Seas'. Why can't States claim ownership over portions of the High Seas in the same ways that they can over portions of unoccupied territory ? Discuss in brief the historical background and the key provisions of the 'High Seas Treaty' (BBNJ Treaty) adopted in 2023.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)